

Lab 01: Feedforward control

CHEN4011: Advanced modeling and Control

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1 Objectives

- i. To design a feedforward controller in combination with a feedback controller
- ii. To evaluate the performances with and without feedforward controller in the cases of setpoint tracking and disturbance rejection.
- iii. To develop Matlab Simulink model for the combined feedforward-feedback control strategy

2 Process information

The transfer functions for the process and disturbance are

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Process: } G_p(s) &= \frac{10 \exp(-2s)}{(10s + 1)(1.5s + 1)} \\ \text{Disturbance: } G_d(s) &= \frac{-8 \exp(-3s)}{20s + 1} \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

3 Simulation

Develop the Simulink models for the feedback control only and feedforward-feedback control strategies. Design the feedback (PID) controller using the PID tuner app. Also, design the feedforward controller using the idealized method.

Evaluate the control performance for:

- i. Setpoint tracking
- ii. Disturbance rejections for both input and output disturbances

A second-order model can be reduced using the Skogestad's half rule (Skogestad 2003) given by Equation 2.

$$G(s) = \frac{K_p e^{-\theta_p s}}{(\tau_1 s + 1)(\tau_2 s + 1)} \cong \frac{K_p e^{-\theta_e s}}{\tau_1 s + 1} \text{ where } \tau_1 > \tau_2 \text{ and } \theta_e = \theta_p + \tau_2 \quad (2)$$

4 Report Format

- 1) Show the MATLAB Simulink Model of the combined feedforward-feedback control strategy. Briefly explain the model. [2 marks]
- 2) Show the PID controller and feedforward controllers (using idealized method). [2 marks]
- 3) Compare and comment on the control performances (setpoint tracking and disturbance rejection) of the two control strategies: (1) feedback control only, and (2) combined feedbackfeed-forward control (idealized method). Show the plots of the controlled variable under the two different control strategies. [6 marks]
 - i. Does the implementation of the feedforward controller improve the setpoint or disturbance rejection performance?
 - ii. Will the control system remain stable when subjected to the 10% modelling errors?
 - iii. Which feedforward controller that gives the best result, based on the unified or idealized method?

References

Skogestad, Sigurd. 2003. "Simple Analytic Rules for Model Reduction and PID Controller Tuning." *Journal of Process Control* 13 (4): 291–309. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0959-1524\(02\)00062-8](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0959-1524(02)00062-8).